

## DEVELOPMENT OF A DIGITAL ATM INTERFACE WITH MULTILEVEL ACCESS CONTROL MECHANISM

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### ABSTRACT

The design and implementation of a smart banking portal that mimics key ATM operations in a web-based system using PHP and MySQL. The system aims to mimic basic banking transactions like user login, balance check, cash withdrawal, and mini-statement creation in a safe and convenient platform. The backend is driven by PHP, supporting dynamic content rendering and secure session management, while the MySQL database manages user data and transaction records with real-time precision. The architecture of the system focuses on modularity and scalability to enable simple maintenance and possible feature extension. User interactions are securely handled by encrypted sessions and form validations to maintain data integrity and reduce risks of unauthorized access. Admin-level access is also included to track transactions and handle user information efficiently. This project illustrates how open-source technology can be used to mimic sophisticated financial transactions that are normally performed by physical ATM machines. By emulating a software version of ATM services, the system provides an efficient and low-cost solution that can be enhanced for instructional, research, or deployment intent in small financial institutions. Future development can involve the addition of biometric authentication mechanisms, responsive mobile interfaces, and encryption methodologies to enhance system security and user satisfaction

**KEY WORDS:** Transaction Monitoring, ATM Interface, Transaction History, Fund Transfer, Card Verification, ATM Login System, Mobile integration, MySQL, Php, Databas

### INTRODUCTION

The fast growth of web technologies has created new avenues for redesigning traditional banking systems as smart, digital ones. This article proposes a smart banking portal that merges major

ATM functions into a web-based setting using PHP and MySQL. The project seeks to mirror core banking functions like user verification, balance check, cash withdrawal, and transaction monitoring in a secure and intuitive interface. With dynamic server-side operations taken care of by PHP and data storage and management guaranteed by MySQL, the system proves how the conventional ATM service may be efficiently digitized. The aspect is on creating a modular and



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scalable system architecture that focuses on security, usability, and efficiency. Through emulating real-time ATM transactions inside a browser-based system, this portal presents an economical yet practical solution for educational, experimental, or deployment purposes in small-scale banking applications. The incorporation of open-source technologies also offers flexibility for future development, such as mobile compatibility, biometric authentication, and encrypted data management. This paper demonstrates the potential of smart web applications in shaping the manner in which users engage with financial services, creating the foundation for more secure and convenient digital banking systems

The growing dependence on digital solutions in the banking industry has spurred the development of conventional banking systems into smart, web-based systems. This paper is concerned with the design and implementation of a smart banking portal that emulates major ATM functionalities using PHP and MySQL. The system proposed combines key features like user login, balance check, cash withdrawal, fund transfer, and transaction history in a secure and interactive web application. PHP is used as the fundamental scripting language for processing server-side logic, while MySQL will handle the backend database, user credential storage, account balance storage, and transaction storage

## **OBJECTIVE**

The main goal of this project is to create and deploy a smart banking portal that mimics vital ATM features in a web-based system using PHP and MySQL. The system seeks to provide a safe, efficient, and convenient alternative to actual ATM machines through digital access to basic banking functions like balance checking, cash dispensing, generation of mini-statement, and secure user login. Through the application of PHP server-side scripting and MySQL backend database management, the project illustrates the feasibility of the utilization of up-to-date web technology to model basic banking activities in real-time.

Another key aim of this system is to enhance user convenience and accessibility by enabling users to carry out banking transactions remotely via a browser interface. The portal also acts as a low-cost prototype for institutions wanting to extend their digital banking infrastructure without substantial investment in physical hardware

Besides end-user functionality, the project also has an administrative backend permitting transaction activity to be monitored, users to be managed, and system maintenance performed. Security is a key target, with features such as encrypted storage of data, session management, and form validation being applied to preclude unauthorized use and data loss.

Finally, this project is intended to close the gap between traditional banking systems and intelligent digital services by providing a web-based, modular, scalable, and secure solution that would be suitable for today's banking requirements.

## **3. LITERATURE REVIEW**

increasing consumer interest in accessing mobile and remote banking, making web-based technology more convenient and accessible. Various studies introduced biometric verification and multi-factor security measures, laying the groundwork for future improvements. The current project expands on these ideas by integrating ATM functionality with

contemporary web development strategies, providing an uncomplicated yet efficient banking gateway that is aligned with modern digital transformation tendencies in financial technology.

### **3.1. Conventional ATM Systems and Their Shortcomings**

Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) have been a key component of the banking system for decades, enabling users to carry out simple transactions autonomously. Conventional ATMs are highly dependent on embedded systems and proprietary software, which frequently necessitates dedicated hardware and network infrastructure. The systems are typically restrained by cost, scalability, and geographical reach, and thus the demand for cost-effective, digital alternatives arises. maintenance prediction and thus the operational lifespan of consumer electronics.

### **3.2. Development of Web-Based Banking Solutions**

The growth of the web and web development technologies brought about a change in the banking industry towards online. Internet banking portals today enable clients to conduct their financial transactions online, offering facilities such as balance inquiries, fund transfer, and mini-statements. Scholars have continuously researched using web technology to replicate ATM services in more dynamic, virtual settings

### **3.3. Application of PHP and MySQL in Financial Applications**

PHP, which is a server-side scripting language, and MySQL, an open-source relational database management system, are now the sought-after technology combination for implementing interactive, database-based web applications. Literature recommends their use in tandem to make secure login, transaction modules, and real-time data handling feasible — all are essential to the workings of an ATM

### **3.4. Security Issues in Smart Banking**

Security is a pervasive theme in digital banking studies. Several studies emphasize the importance of features such as encrypted user credentials, input sanitization, session management, and audit logging. Without them, digital platforms are exposed to attack vectors like SQL injection, cross-site scripting, and unauthorized access

### **3.5. Research Gaps and Project Contribution**

Although there has been significant work in web banking, relatively fewer projects try to emulate ATM workflows in open-source environments with PHP and MySQL. The project fills a gap between theoretical design and real-world implementation by offering an extensible, secure, and realistic ATM functionality simulation.

## **4. METHODOLOGY**

The user interface on the front-end was implemented with HTML, CSS, and a bare minimum of JavaScript for a crisp and natural user experience. PHP was utilized for user input validation, session handling, and safe database transactions, and SQL queries were employed for CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations among user accounts and transaction histories

#### **4.1. Development Approach**

The project adopts a modular, iterative software development approach to emulate ATM features using web technology. The system is architected in well-delineated layers—presentation, application logic, and storage of data—to maintain separation of concerns and improve maintainability

#### **4.2. Requirement Analysis**

A thorough analysis of the requirements was carried out to determine the fundamental banking functions needed in a normal ATM system. Important features like user login, PIN authentication, balance checking, withdrawal processing, and generation of mini-statement were given priority. Admin-specific functionalities for tracking users and transactions were also defined.

#### **4.3. Selection of Technology Stack**

PHP was used due to its server-side scripting, simplicity of use, and MySQL compatibility. MySQL was utilized as the back-end database for storing user details, account details, and transaction history. HTML, CSS, and minimal amounts of JavaScript were employed to generate a responsive and user-friendly user interface.

#### **4.4 System Architecture and Design**

The system design was organized in client-server architecture. Users interact with the client interface running on a web browser, which communicates with the PHP backend for data processing. The backend, in turn, communicates with the MySQL database using SQL queries for read/write operations.

#### **4.5. Testing and Validation**

The system was also tested with multiple user cases to test for accuracy and stability. Positive and negative test cases were utilized to test features such as incorrect PIN input, low balance notification, and unauthorized admin access. Feedback was gathered and utilized to optimize the interface and back-end processes.

#### **4.6. Security and Validation**

Security controls were implemented using password hashing, input sanitization, and session management to defend against SQL injection and unauthorized access. Session timeout functionality has also been added to the system to provide additional protection.

#### **4.7. Testing and Evaluation**

The system was also tested with multiple user cases to test for accuracy and stability. Positive and negative test cases were utilized to test features such as incorrect PIN input, low balance notification, and unauthorized admin access.

### **5. MODULE DESCRIPTION**

The Smart Banking Portal is designed into a number of functional modules, each servicing an individual feature or operation. All the modules interact to enable the emulation of real-time ATM transactions by way of a secure and web-based interface.

### **5.1 User Authentication Module**

This module provides secure login using the card number and PIN of users. It employs hashed password storage and input validation to avoid unauthorized access and SQL injection. After successful authentication, users are provided with access to their account dashboard with proper session management.

### **5.2. Dashboard Navigation module**

Upon successful login, users are taken to a dynamic dashboard that offers access to different banking operations such as balance inquiry, withdrawals, and mini-statements. This module facilitates smooth navigation and easy user experience.

### **5.3. Balance Inquiry Module**

This module fetches and displays the logged-in user's current balance by running secure SQL queries. It retrieves real-time information from the MySQL database and displays it in a readable manner within the portal.

### **5.4 Cash Withdrawal Module**

This central module processes transaction requests, checks account balance, debits the withdrawal amount, and records the transaction. It has error handling for low balance and updates the database as such.

### **5.5 Mini-Statement Module**

The mini-statement module retrieves the latest transactions belonging to the user. It shows date, type, and amount of each transaction, enabling users to monitor their activity.

### **5.6. Admin Management Module**

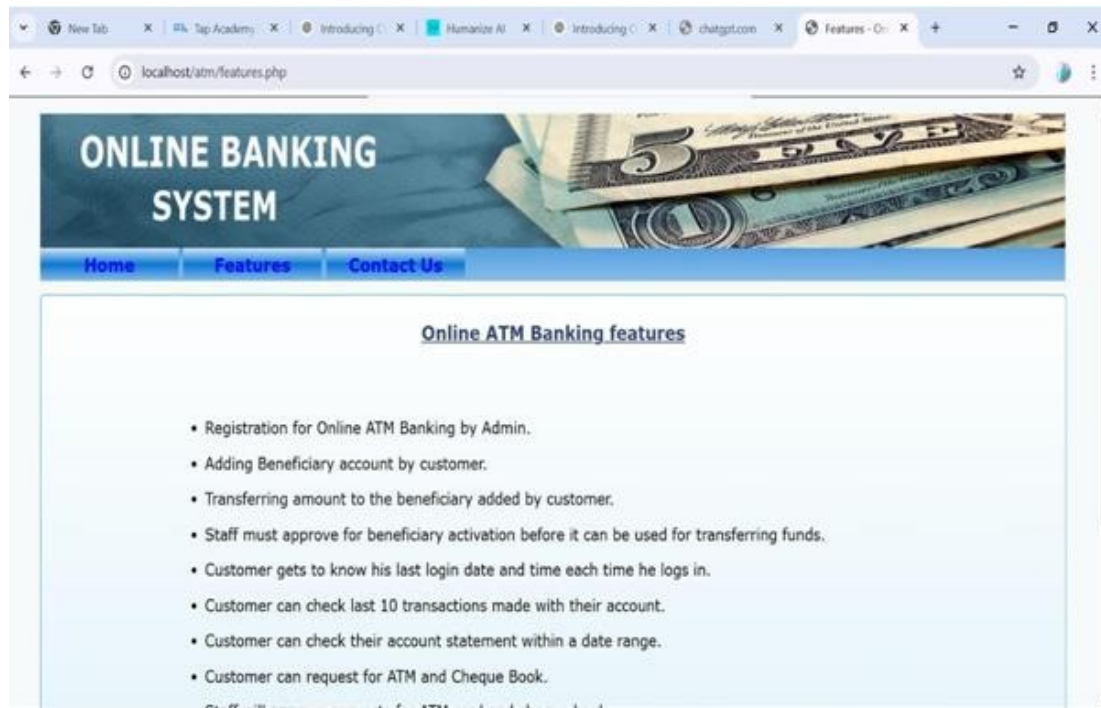
Intended for system administrators, this module facilitates admin login, monitoring of users, auditing of transactions, and database management. It makes it possible for the system to be safely and efficiently controlled

### **5.7. Security and Session Management Module**

This support module provides a secure session for users. It contains session timeout handling, logout, and restricted access to avert session hijacking or data exposure without permission

## 6.2. Sample Output

### 6.2.1. Home Page



### 6.2.2. ATM Request





## 7. RESULT

The objective of this project is to implement a Smart Banking Portal that emulates fundamental ATM operations with the help of PHP for backend programming and MySQL for database management. The objective is to enable a secure, easy-to-use web platform where customers can execute simple banking transactions that are regularly executed through ATMs. These operations include the likes of login user authentication, balance checking, money withdrawal, money deposit, mini statement display, and PIN updation.

The system begins with a login module, the user credentials being verified from information stored in the SQL database. After verification, the users are taken to a dashboard giving access to a range of services. For balance checks and mini statements, the actual information are retrieved from the database and shown to the user. For withdrawals and deposits, the balance is updated in real time and stored in the transaction history

All user operations are checked by safe PHP scripts, and database connection is handled through MySQLi or PDO. Data integrity is maintained by correct SQL queries, and sensitive operations like PIN change are encrypted using encryption techniques.

This is an excellent example of how ATM transactions can be transformed into a smart web-based solution, making it easier, secure, and paving the way for fully online banking systems.

## 8.CONCLUSION

The use of Smart Banking Portals that combine ATM functionality into PHP-based web applications with SQL databases is a safe, efficient, and convenient platform for current banking demands. The project is able to bridge the difference between conventional ATM services and internet banking by allowing users to conduct basic transactions—like inquiries of balance, transferring funds, mini-statements, and changing PINs—via a responsive and secure web interface.

The system improves convenience and accessibility, providing 24/7 access without the need for physical machines. Utilizing PHP for dynamic processing and SQL for structured data management, the platform provides strong backend processing and data integrity. Security features such as encrypted transactions and role-based access protect sensitive user data and prevent unauthorized access.

This combined strategy not only makes banking easier for customers but also lowers the cost of operations and the burden on physical banking infrastructure. The project illustrates how digital transformation in banking can enable customers and enhance service delivery

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